

English



EARTH ALIVE

SOIL ACTIVATOR

Flowers



USER GUIDE

And other practical things
to know





WELCOME

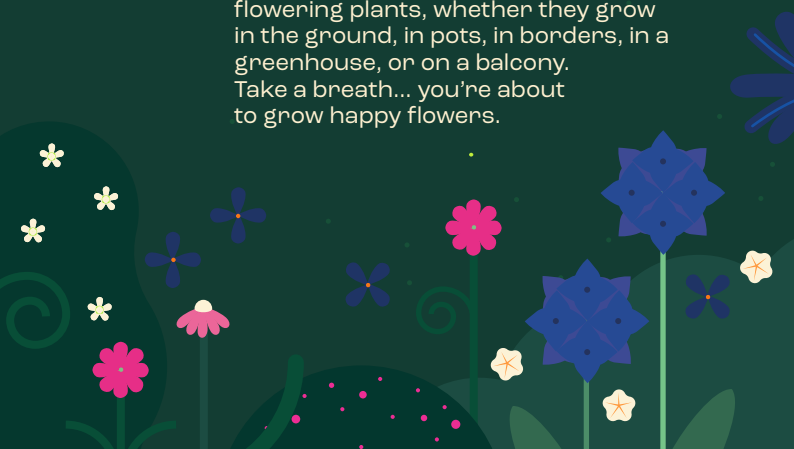
gardener, grower

Inside this pouch there is more than just a product, there is life, in powdered form.

With only a few grams of naturally occurring microorganisms, you'll help your flowers bloom more intensely, shine more brightly, multiply more generously, and better withstand stress.

This small guide will accompany you from planting to full bloom, with simple, natural, and useful tips to care for your flowering plants, whether they grow in the ground, in pots, in borders, in a greenhouse, or on a balcony.

Take a breath... you're about to grow happy flowers.





WHY IS THIS SACHET ALIVE?

- Because it contains **billions of natural microorganisms:** beneficial bacteria that normally live in the soil.



But in many gardens, the soil often gets tired and depleted. This sachet brings the soil back to life.

When it meets water and roots, the microbes wake up and get to work: feeding the plant, activating the soil, strengthening the roots. **Invisible allies** but incredibly effective.

How to use your sachet?

Each 5 g sachet treats up to 5 flower pots or 5 m² of flower bed. You can use it in two ways:

1. AT PLANTING: Mixed with soil

- + Pour around 10 to 20 handfuls of potting soil into a bucket
- + Add the contents of the sachet
- + Mix thoroughly to distribute the powder evenly
- + Place this enriched mix at the base of each plant

Suitable for all flowering plants: roses, peonies, dahlias, geraniums, hydrangeas, petunias, verbenas, begonias, perennials, flowering bulbs and climbing flowers.



2. DURING GROWTH: by watering

- + Dilute one sachet in minimum 3.75 L of water
- + Stir until fully dissolved
- + Water at the base of the plants

WHEN TO APPLY?

Once per season is enough. and any time you see that your plants need a boost. Apply at planting or when growth resumes in spring.

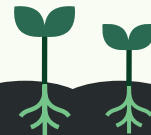
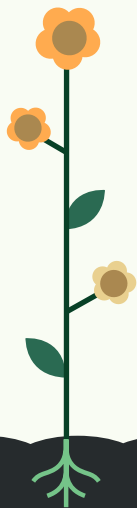
THE BASICS of a happy flower garden

The finger test

Before watering, push your finger five centimeters into the soil. If it feels fresh, leave it; if it's dry, water deeply; if it's cold and wet, let the plant breathe. This simple gesture prevents most diseases.

Removing spent flowers ("deadheading")

Faded blooms still consume energy to produce seeds. By removing them just above a node, you encourage the plant to form new buds and naturally extend its flowering period.



Mulching



A mulch layer of five to seven centimeters retains moisture, protects roots, and nourishes the soil as it breaks down. It can also help to suppress weeds.

It's a discreet but very effective way to keep a bed healthy, stable, and beautiful throughout the season.

Watering at the base

Flowers prefer water directed toward their roots.

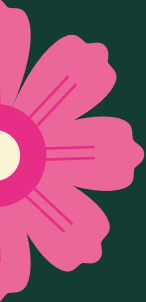
By avoiding wet leaves, you reduce the risk of disease and help the plant absorb water where it truly needs it.



Strengthening tall stems

Large flowers gain strength when gently stimulated.

By lightly shaking their stems from time to time, you reinforce their structure and help them withstand wind more easily.



A few GOOD COMPANIONS

Some plants naturally protect and support your flower

- ▶ **Lavender:** attracts pollinators and repels pests.
- ▶ **Marigolds & French marigolds:** protect the soil and discourage aphids and parasites.
- ▶ **Sages:** improve biodiversity and attract bees and butterflies.
- ▶ **Aromatic herbs:** thyme, chives, rosemary are reliable natural companions.
- ▶ **Cosmos and zinnias:** boost pollination and structure a flower bed.

Together, these companions form a natural, balanced and beautiful team in your garden.

Track your GREEN JOURNEY

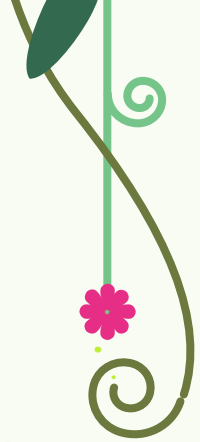
▶ Keep a little notebook.



Write down:

- ♥ Variety
- ♥ Planting date and location
- ♥ First flowering
- ♥ Bloom duration
- ♥ Observations

*Every season is different.
Every note makes you a better gardener.*



A thought for your home... and for you

"We do not inherit the Earth from our ancestors, we borrow it from our children."
— Antoine de Saint-Exupéry

Growing flowers
is more than decorating a garden.
It's caring for the soil, for life, and
for yourself.
Every gesture counts.
Even the smallest one.



And after?

Keep feeding your soil.

Let the soil **breathe** between flowering cycles.

Add **compost** on mulch.

Rotate plant families every year.

Explore our other soil activators, each formulated with its own beneficial microbial allies

Season after season, your soil grows richer... and your and your flowers more generous.



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